prohibited.

APPEALS PROCESS

Any provider who is not in agreement, after being provided an exit audit conference

or rate appeal conference, with the final rate of reimbursement assigned as the result of

the audit for their base year, or with the application of the Principles of Reimbursement for

the applicable calendar years, may within 15 days from the date of notification of audit

results or rate assignment file a written request for a review conference to be conducted

by the Associate Director for Medical Services or other designee assigned by the Director

of the Department of Human Services. The written request must identify the remaining

contested audit adjustment(s) or rate assignment issue(s). The Associate Director for

Medical Services or designee shall schedule a review conference within 15 days of receipt

of said request. As a result of the review conference, the Associate Director or designee

may modify the audit adjustments and the rate of reimbursement. The Associate Director

for Medical Services or designee shall provide the provider with a written decision within

30 days from the date of the review conference.

Appeals beyond the Associated Director or the designee appointed by the

Director of the Department of Human Service's will be in accordance with the

Administrative Procedures Act. The provider must file a written request for an

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Administrative Procedures Act hearing no later than 15 days of the decision noted in the

paragraph above.

RECORDKEEPING

Adequacy of Cost Information

Providers of Long Term Care under the State Medicaid Program are required to

maintain detailed records supporting the expenses incurred for services provided to

Medicaid patients. The underlying records must be auditable and capable to substantiating

the reasonableness of specific reported costs. Records include all ledgers, books and

source documents (invoices, purchase orders, time cards or other employee attendance

data, etc.). All records must be physically maintained within the State of Rhode Island.

Census Data

Statistical records supporting both Medicaid and total patient days must be

maintained in a clear and consistent manner for all reporting periods. The detailed record

of all patient days must be in agreement with monthly attendance reports and shall be the

denominator used in the computation for determining per diem rates providing that said

patient days are equal to or greater than 98% of the statewide average occupancy rate of

the prior calendar year. In calculating patient days the date of admission is counted as one

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day, however, the date of death or discharge is not counted as a day. See page 59 on

Excess Bed Capacity.

AUDIT OF PROVIDER COSTS

In accordance with 45 CFR-250.30 p.(3) (ii) (B) all cost reports will be desk audited

within six months of submission.

The State of Rhode Island, Rate Setting Unit, shall conduct audits of the financial

and statistical records of each participating provider in operation during calendar year

1989.

Starting with the reporting year 1991 and with every reporting year thereafter, one-

third of the participating facilities will have a new base year. The prospective rate of each

facility with a new base year will be recalculated after the completion of an audit and will

be effective July 1 of the year subsequent to the year in which the audit was scheduled.

The recalculated rate will reflect the actual allowable costs as determined by the audit

updated by the percentage increase(s), if applicable, for the year(s) subsequent to the

audited year to produce the prospective rate, provided, however, that the new prospective

rate does not exceed the maximum rates established for each cost center ceiling.

Audits will be conducted under generally accepted auditing standards and will insure

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that providers are reporting under generally accepted accounting principles.

Other matters of audit significance which will be undertaken are the examination of

construction costs and final cost reports. All costs of new construction will be audited by

the State as herein described. Final cost reports submitted by a provider due to change

in ownership, closing of a facility or discontinuance in the Medicaid Program shall be

subject to audit within a reasonable time after such change has taken place.

Services and affiliated organizations where common ownership exists shall also be

subject to audit. The extent of the audits will depend primarily on the relative dollar impact

of these service groups (see page 55 for definition of service and affiliated organizations).

Audits will include any tests of the provider's records deemed necessary to ascertain

that costs are proper and in accordance with Medicaid principles of reimbursement and

that personal needs accountability is in compliance with existing regulations. The knowing

and willful inclusion on non-business related expenses, non-patient related expenses, or

costs incurred in violation of the prudent buyer concept may be subject to criminal and/or

civil sanctions. Failure of auditors of the Department to identify the above items or their

adjustment of same shall not constitute a waiver of any civil or criminal penalty.

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OPERATING COSTS

DEPRECIATION

General

Reasonable costs incurred in providing services to Medicaid patients include

depreciation on the building, equipment and transportation vehicles used to carry out

necessary services. Following are the prescribed procedures for determining the allowable

depreciation.

Capitalization Policy

The following policy on expenditures for depreciable assets is applicable regardless

of standards established by the provider. Individual assets with a cost of \$300.00 or more

and a useful life of at least two years must be capitalized. Assets acquired in quantity at

a total cost of \$500.00 or more and multiple purchases of similar individual assets during

a reporting period must be capitalized if the total cost is \$500.00 or more and the assets

have a useful life of at least two years.

Painting, redecorating or renovating, whether interior or exterior, of the entire facility

or of a substantial portion of a wing or floor must be capitalized.

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Method of Depreciation

For reimbursement purposes, only straight-line depreciation is permitted. This

method provides for ratably charging to operations the actual asset cost less salvage value

based on useful life.

The useful life of each asset will be subject to the American Hospital Association

useful lives schedule (see Appendix 'B').

Component depreciation will be allowed subject to and with written approval of the

Rate Setting Unit. In conjunction with component depreciation, allocables and other fees,

services and items which cannot be specifically identified to a particular component will be

depreciated on the basis of a forty (40) year life. Examples of allocables are, but not

limited to the following: Architect fees, interest, real estate taxes and insurance during the

time of construction, builders' overhead and profit, title fees, legal and recording fees, bond

premiums, site studies and surveys, financing fees, etc.

Cost Basis for Depreciation Purposes

Asset acquisitions during a facility's base year will be annualized for prospective

calendar years if the depreciation claimed for the base year is less than a twelve-month

period.

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Newly Constructed Facilities and Expansion of Existing Facilities

Construction costs approved by the Department of Health will constitute the

maximum basis on which depreciation may be calculated subject to the maximum ceiling

imposed under other property related expenses cost center. Costs must be bona fide,

properly supported, and will be subject to audit by the State.

The useful lives of assets as approved by the Rate Setting and Auditing Unit may

not be changed by the provider without prior authorization in writing from the Rate Setting

and Auditing Unit. If such a change is approved, it will be effective. July 1 of the year

following the year in which the request was filed.

Demolition Costs

Demolition costs incurred for new construction and/or expansion are to be

considered as follows:

Demolition cost and the recognized undepreciated base of a facility that was a.

participating in the Medicaid Program just prior to demolition will be added to and become

part of the new depreciable base of the new facility.

b. Demolition cost of a structure not previously enrolled in the Medicaid Program

will be considered as site development costs and be added to cost of land.

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Purchased Facilities

The cost basis of a facility and its depreciable assets acquired as an on-going

operation in a bona fide sale, will be limited to the lowest on the following:

1. fair market value of buildings, improvements and tangible assets purchased,

2. price paid by the purchaser,

3. current reproduction costs depreciated on a straight-line basis over the

useful life of the assets to the time of sale.

4. the valuation of capital assets (excluding furniture, fixtures and equipment,

which shall be the lesser of sale price or net book value) will not increased (as measured

from the date of acquisition by the seller to the date of the change in ownership) solely as

a result of a change of ownership, by more than the lesser of: --

(i) one-half of the percentage increase (as measured over the same

period of time) in the Dodge Construction Systems Costs for Nursing Homes, or

one-half of the percentage increase (as measured over the same (ii)

period of time) in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (United States City

Average).

The cost basis of buildings, improvements and other depreciable assets in a sale

that is not a bona fide sale, cannot exceed the seller's cost basis, less accumulated

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depreciation. The burden of proof of whether such sale is or is not bona fide will rest upon

the purchaser.

Whenever the allocation of cost to acquired assets appears unreasonable,

independent appraisals of property values will be obtained by the Department of Health for

the purpose of assigning cost values.

Costs associated with the sale and acquisition of capital stock will not be recognized

for reimbursement purposes. Re-evaluation of assets will not be recognized nor will the

financing cost attributable to the stock purchase. The amount of depreciation expense and

interest expense to be recognized for reimbursement will be the amount recognized by the

Rhode Island

Medical Assistance Program as remaining to be amortized prior to the stock acquisition.

Transfer of Ownership, Real Estate Holding Entities and/or Operating Entities

Among Related Parties

Where there is a transfer or sale of corporate stock or transfer or sale of ownership

from corporate officer(s) to other corporate officer(s), from partner(s) to partner(s), or

between parties in which these is a common ownership the basis and approved method

of depreciation, and the reimbursable interest cost prior to said transfer will be allowed the

new owners.

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Transportation Vehicles

The allowance for depreciation on vehicles used to transport patient and for other

official business purposes is based on the following schedule:

NUMBER OF BEDS

VEHICLES ALLOWED

35 or less

1 vehicle

36 - 75

1 1/2 vehicle

over 75 beds

maximum of 2 vehicles

Recreation vans (RV) - no allowance will be recognized.

1-4 Passenger sports auto-no allowance will be recognized.

4-6 Passenger auto - depreciable base limit - \$12,000.00

5-9 Passenger station wagon - depreciable base limit - \$15,000.00

Wheelchair Lift Vans - effective September 1, 1996 depreciable base limit \$35,000

indexed by one-half of the National Nursing Home Input Index each January 1 beginning

January 1, 1997 and depreciated over a six year life utilizing straight line method of

depreciation.

Passenger vans with lifts with a cost in excess of \$35,000 -

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